

TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

PERMANENT GRASSING:

PERMANENT GRASS PLANTINGS BY SEASON WITH THE REQUIRED AMOUNTS OF FERTILIZER AND LIMESTONE PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET.

FROM MAY 1 - AUGUST 31

1 LB. BROWN TOP MILLET 2 LBS. HULLED BERMUDA

25 LBS. 10-10-10 FERTILIZER 75 LBS. LIMESTONE

OR

1 LB. BROWN TOP MILLET 1 LB. HULLED BERMUDA *2 LB. BAHIA GRASS

25 LBS. 10-10-10 FERTILIZER 75 LBS. LIMESTONE

DEEP SANDY SOILS 2 LBS. BROWN TOP MILLET *3 LBS. BAHIA GRASS

25 LBS. 10-10-10 FERTILIZER 75 LBS. LIMESTONE

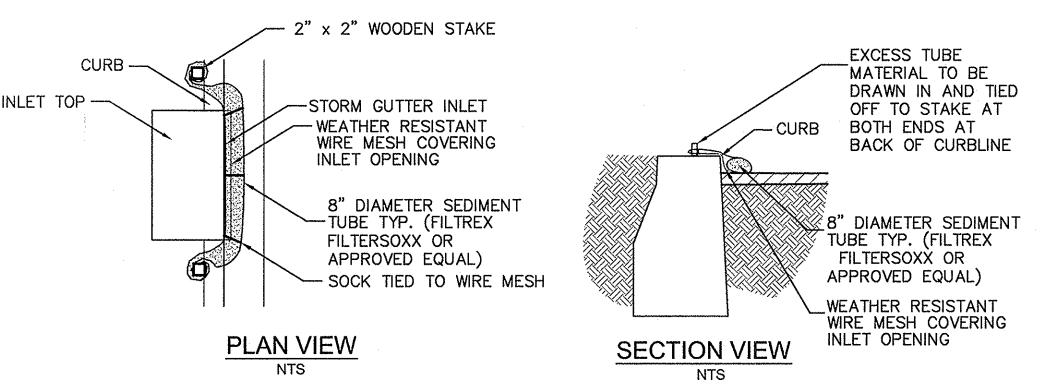
BERMUDA GRASS.

*BAHIA GRASS IS A GOOD EROSION CONTROL GRASS. HOWEVER IT PRODUCES MANY SEED HEADS WHICH SCATTER TO OTHER AREAS. BAHIA GRASS IS HARD TO MOW. HOWEVER IT DOES NOT REQUIRE THE CARE THAT OTHER GRASSES REQUIRE. AROUND OFFICE BUILDINGS AND WITHIN SUBDIVISIONS USE 4 TO 6 OZS. CENTIPEDE GRASS IN LIEU OF BAHIA GRASS OR IN COMBINATION WITH

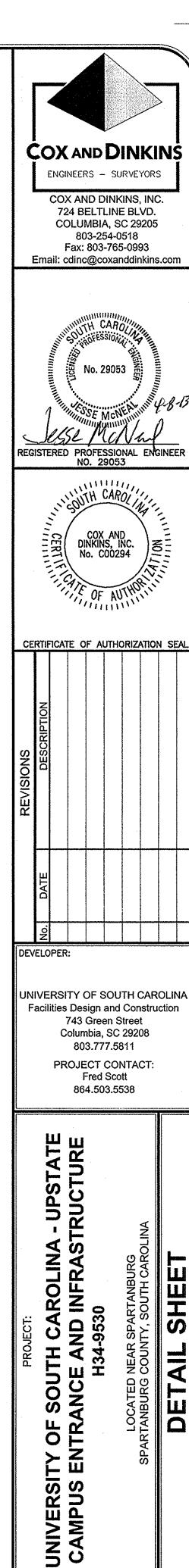
**FOR SOILS WITH CLAY SUBSOIL. DO NOT PLANT IN SANDY SOILS.

ALL VEGETATED SWALES AND DITCHES WITH SIDE SLOPES (CUT OR FILL) STEEPER THAN 2:1 ADD 4 TO 6 OUNCES/1,000 SQUARE FEET OF WEEPING LOVE GRASS SEED TO ANY OF THE ABOVE MIXTURES. SWALE AND DITCH BOTTOMS SHOULD BE DOUBLE SEEDED. ALSO ALL SIDE SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 SHALL BE HYDROSEEDED. GROWTH OF RYE GRASS IN EARLY SPRING MUST BE SUPPRESSED TO PREVENT RYE FROM CHOKING OUT PERMANENT GRASS SUCH AS BERMUDA, BAHIA OR FESCUE.

NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY AND USE CAMPUS STANDARD PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.



SEDIMENT TUBE INLET **PROTECTION DETAILS**



Y58-24-27 ROJECT NO. SHEET NO. 1693

04/08/2013

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